

**Nirma University**  
**Institute of Technology**  
**Department of Mathematics & Humanities**  
**B. Tech. (ALL) – Semester - I**  
**Calculus (MA101)**  
**Tutorial – 4**

**Part I: Differential Calculus**

1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1^x + 2^x + 3^x + 4^x}{4} \right)^{1/x}.$

2.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x \sin bx - b^x \sin ax}{\tan bx - \tan ax}.$

3. If an electric field  $E$  acts on a liquid or a gaseous polar dielectric, the net dipole moment  $p$  per unit volume is  $P(E) = \frac{e^E + e^{-E}}{e^E - e^{-E}} - \frac{1}{E}$ . Show that  $\lim_{E \rightarrow 0^+} p(E) = 0$ .

4. Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2a^3x - x^4} - a \sqrt[3]{a^2x}}{a - \sqrt[4]{ax^3}}$  using L'Hospital Rule. (Marquis de L'Hospital first used the above example to illustrate his rule.)

**Part-II Integral Calculus**

1. Trace the Cartesian curves: a)  $y^2 = \frac{x^2(x+a)}{x-a}$   
                                  b)  $x^3 + y^3 = 3ax^2$ .

2. Trace the following polar curves:  
   a)  $r = a \sin 2\theta$ , ( $a > 0$ )  
   b)  $r = a(1 + \sin \theta)$ , ( $a > 0$ ).  
   c)  $r^2 = \sec 2\theta$ ,  
   d)  $r = (1 - 2 \sin 2\theta)$